# **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**



# **Bachelor of Engineering**

Information Technology (Second Year – Sem. III & IV)

Revised course (REV-2012)

From Academic Year 2013 -14

Under

# FACULTY OF TECHNOLOGY

(As per Semester Based Credit and Grading System)

### From Dean's Desk:

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Technology of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty of Technology, University of Mumbai, in one of its meeting unanimously resolved that, each Board of Studies shall prepare some Program Educational Objectives (PEO's) and give freedom to affiliated Institutes to add few (PEO's) and course objectives and course outcomes to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. It was also resolved that, maximum senior faculty from colleges and experts from industry to be involved while revising the curriculum. I am happy to state that, each Board of studies has adhered to the resolutions passed by Faculty of Technology, and developed curriculum accordingly. In addition to outcome based education, semester based credit and grading system is also introduced to ensure quality of engineering education.

Semester based Credit and Grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learnercentric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. University of Mumbai has taken a lead in implementing the system through its affiliated Institutes and Faculty of Technology has devised a transparent credit assignment policy and adopted ten points scale to grade learner's performance.Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 12-13 weeks and remaining 3-2 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

Credit and grading based system was implemented for First Year of Engineering from the academic year 2012-2013. Subsequently this system will be carried forward for Second Year Engineering in the academic year 2013-2014, for Third Year and Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2014-2015 and 2015-2016 respectively.

Dr. S. K. Ukarande Dean, Faculty of Technology, Member - Management Council, Senate, Academic Council University of Mumbai, Mumbai

# Preamble

The engineering education in India in general is expanding in manifolds. Now, the challenge is to ensure its quality to the stakeholders along with the expansion. To meet this challenge, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education and reflects the fact that in achieving recognition, the institution or program of study is committed and open to external review to meet certain minimum specified standards. The major emphasis of this accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. Program outcomes are essentially a range of skills and knowledge that a student will have at the time of graduation from the program. In line with this Faculty of Technology of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

I, as Chairman, Board of Studies in Information Technology of University of Mumbai, happy to state here that, Program Educational Objectives were finalized in a meeting where more than 30 members from different Institutes were attended, who were either Heads or their representatives of Information Technology Department. The Program Educational Objectives finalized for undergraduate program in Information Technology are listed below;

- 1. To prepare Learner's with a sound foundation in the basics of engineering fundamentals.
- 2. To prepare Learner's to use effectively modern programming tools to solve real life problems.
- 3. To prepare Learner's for successful career in Indian and Multinational Organisations and to excel in Postgraduate studies
- 4. To encourage and motivate Learner's for entrepreneurship.
- 5. To inculcate professional and ethical attitude, good leadership qualities and commitment to social responsibilities in Learners.
- 6. To encourage Learner to use best practices and implement technologies to enhance information security and enable compliance, ensuring confidentiality, information integrity, and availability.

In addition to Program Educational Objectives, for each course of undergraduate program, objectives and expected outcomes from learner's point of view are also included in the curriculum to support the philosophy of outcome based education. I believe strongly that small step taken in right direction will definitely help in providing quality education to the stake holders.

# Dr. J. W. Bakal Chairman, Board of Studies in Information Technology,

University of Mumbai, Mumbai

Course	Course Name	Teachi	ing Schen	ne		Credits As	signe	d
Code		Theory	Pract.	Tut	Theory	TW/Pract	Tut	Total
SEITC301	Applied Mathematics – III *	4		1	4		1	5
SEITC302	Data Structure and Algorithm Analysis	4			4			5
	Object Oriented Programming Methodology*	4			4			5
	Analog and Digital Circuits	4			4			5
SEITC305	Database Management Systems	3			3			4
	Principles of Analog and Digital Communication.	3			3			4
SEITL302	Data Structure and Algorithm Analysis		2			1		
	Object Oriented Programming Methodology*		2			1		
SEITL304	Analog and Digital Circuits		2			1		
SEITL305	Database Management Systems		2			1		
SEITL306	Principles of Analog and Digital Communication		2			1		
	TOTAL	22	10	1	22	5	1	28

# S. E. (Information Technology) Sem.-III

#### **Examination Scheme**

Course	Course Name	Theory				Term	Pract	Total	
Code		Internal	Assessmer	nt	End	Exam	work	/Oral	
		TEST1	TEST 2	AVG.	sem exam	duration (in Hrs)			
SEITC301	Applied Mathematics-III*	20	20	20	80	3	25		125
SEITC302	Data Structure & Algorithm Analysis	20	20	20	80	3	25	25	150
SEITC303	Object Oriented Programming Methodology*	20	20	20	80	3	25	25	150
SEITC304	Analog & Digital Circuits	20	20	20	80	3	25	25	150
SEITC305	Database Management Systems	20	20	20	80	3	25	25	150
SEITC306	Principles of Analog & Digital Communication.	20	20	20	80	3	25	25	150
	Total	120	120	120	480		150	125	875

\* Common with Computer Engineering. Tutorials will be evaluated as term work.

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme			Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	TW/ Practical	Tutorial	Total
SEITC301	Applied Mathematics - III*	04		01	04	-	01	05

Subject	Subject	Examination Scheme								
Code	Name		The	eory Marks		Term Work	Practical	Oral	Total	
		Internal assessment End Sem.								
		Test1	Test2	Avg. Of Test1 and Test2	Exam					
SEITC301	Applied Mathematics -III*	20	20	20	80	25	-	-	125	

#### Course Objective

(1) Complex Variable (2) Laplace Transform (3) Fourier Series (4) Discrete Structures (5) Z-transform

These topics involve the study of analytic function and mapping of complex function, Laplace transform, Inverse Laplace transform and application of Laplace transform to solve differential equations, finding Fourier series, Sine and cosine Fourier integral and Z-transform. These topics help them to solve many engineering problems arising in course of their further studies and also while working in the practical life situations.

Student Learning Outcomes:

Students in this course will apply the Procedure and methods to solve technical problems.

# Details of the Syllabus:-

Sr.No.	Topics	Hrs
Module	Complex Variable & mapping	(10)
01	<ol> <li>1.1 Functions of a complex variable, Analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian co-ordinates, Polar co-ordinates.</li> <li>1.2 Harmonic functions, Analytic method and Milne Thomson methods to find f(z), Orthogonal trajectories.</li> <li>1.3 Conformal Mapping, Linear, Bilinear transformations, Cross ratio, fixed points and standard transformation such as rotation and magnification, invertion, translation.</li> </ol>	(10)
Module	Laplace Transform	(10)
02	<ul> <li>2.1 Introduction, Definition of Laplace transform, Laplace transform of constant, trigonometrical, exponential functions.</li> <li>2.2 Important properties of Laplace transform: First shifting theorem, Laplace transform of L{t<sup>n</sup> f(t)}, L{f(t)/t}, L{d<sup>n</sup>/d<sup>n</sup>}, L{f(t)/t}, L{d<sup>n</sup>/d<sup>n</sup>}, L{∫<sup>t</sup><sub>0</sub> f(u)du}, L{f(at)} without proof.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>2.3 Unit step function, Heavi side function, Dirac-delta function, Periodic function and their Laplace transforms, Second shifting theorem.</li> <li>2.4 Inverse Laplace transform with Partial fraction and Convolution theorem (without proof).</li> <li>2.5 Application to solve initial and boundary value problem involving ordinary differential equations with one dependent variable and constant coefficients.</li> </ul>	
Module	Fourier series	(10)
03	<ul> <li>3.1 Dirichlet's conditions, Fourier series of periodic functions with period 2π and 2L.</li> <li>3.2 Fourier series for even and odd functions.</li> <li>3.3 Half range sine and cosine Fourier series, Parsevel's identities (without proof).</li> </ul>	
	3.4Orthogonal and Ortho-normal functions, Complex form of Fourier series.	
	3.5 Fourier Integral Representation.	
Module	Vector Algebra and Calculus	(10)
04	4.1 Vector Algebra: Scalar and vector product of three and four Vectors and their	

	properties. 4.2 Vector Calculus: Vector differential operator $\nabla$ , Gradient of a scalar point function, Diversions and Curl of Vector point function, $\nabla (uv)$ , $\nabla . (\phi \bar{u}), \nabla \times (\phi \bar{u}), \nabla \times (\bar{u} \times \bar{v})$ . 4.3 Vector Integration: Line integral; conservative vector field, Green's theorem in a plane (Without proof) 4.4 Gauss-Divergence theorem & Stokes' theorem (Without proof) and no	
	problems on verification of above theorems).	
Module 05	Z transform 5.1 Z-transform of standard functions such as Z(a <sup>n</sup> ), Z(n <sup>p</sup> ).	(8)
	5.2 Properties of Z-transform :Linearity, Change of scale, Shifting property, Multiplication of K, Initial and final value, Convolution theorem (all without proof)	
	5.3 Inverse Z transform: Binomial Expansion and Method of Partial fraction.	

Term work:

Term work shall consist of minimum four SCILAB practicals and six tutorials.

SCILAB practicals	:	08 marks
Tutorials :		12 marks
Attendance :		05 marks
Total :		25 marks

**Recommended Books:** 

- 1. Higher Engineering Mathematics by Grewal B. S. 38<sup>th</sup> edition, Khanna Publication 2005.
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Kreyszig E. 9<sup>th</sup> edition, John Wiley.
- 3. A Text Book of Applied Mathematics Vol. I & II by P.N.Wartilar & J.N.Wartikar, Pune, Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan., Pune.
- 4. Vector Calculus by Shanti Narayan, S Chand & Co.

Reference Books:

- 1. Advanced Engg. Mathematics by C. Ray Wylie & Louis Barrett.TMH International Edition.
- 2. Mathematical Methods of Science and Engineering by Kanti B. Datta, Cengage Learning.
- 3. Lapplace Treansforms by Murray R. Spiegel, Schaun's out line series-McGraw Hill Publication.
- 4. Vector Analysis by Murray R. Spiegel, McGraw Hill publication.

# **Theory Examination :**

- Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 4 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 3 marks will be asked.
- Remaining question will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

Subject	Subject Name	Teaching Scheme			Credits Assigned				
code		Theory	Practical	Tut.	Theory	TW/Pract	Tut	Total	
SEITC302	Data Structure and Algorithm Analysis	04	02	-	04	01	-	05	

Subject	ect Subject Examination Scheme								
code	Name	Theory	' Marks			ΤW	Pract	Oral	Total
		Internal Assessment			End Semester Exam				
SEITC302	Data Structure and Algorithm	Test1	Test2	Average of Test1 and Test2					
	Analysis	20	20	20	80	25	25	-	150

#### **Objectives:**

- To teach efficient storage mechanisms of data for an easy access.
- To design and implementation of various basic and advanced data structures and algorithm analysis.
- To introduce various techniques for representation and analysis of the data in the real world.
- To develop application using data structures and algorithm and analysis.
- To teach the concept of protection and management of data.
- To improve the logical ability

#### **Outcomes**:

- Student will be able to choose appropriate data structure as applied to specified problem definition and analysis the algorithm.
- Student will be able to handle operations like searching, insertion, deletion, traversing mechanism etc. on various data structures and algorithm analysis.
- Students will be able to apply concepts learned in various domains like DBMS, compiler construction etc.
- Students will be able to use linear and non-linear data structures like stacks, queues, linked list etc.

Module	Detailed Contents	Hours
1	Introduction:	
	Introduction, Mathematics Review, Exponents, Logarithms, Series, Modular Arithmetic, The P Word, A Brief Introduction to Recursion, Recursion and Induction.	3
2	Algorithm Analysis: Mathematical Background, Model, What to Analyze, Running Time Calculations, General Rules, Solutions for the Maximum Subsequence Sum Problem, Logarithms in the Running Time, Euclid's Algorithm, Exponentiation, Checking Your Analysis, A Grain of Salt.	4
3	<b>Stacks, Queues and List</b> Stacks, Queues, Linked Lists, Double-ended Queues. Abstract Data Type (ADT), The List ADT, Simple Array Implementation of Lists, Linked Lists, Programming Details, Common Errors, Doubly Linked Lists, Circularly Linked Lists, Examples, Cursor Implementation of Linked Lists, The Stack ADT, Implementation of Stacks, Applications, The Queue ADT, Array Implementation of Queues, Applications of Queues.	10
4	<b>Trees and Search Trees:</b> Tree, Implementation of Trees, Tree Traversals with an Application, Binary Trees, Expression Trees, the Search Tree ADT-Binary Search Trees, AVL Trees, Single Rotation, Double Rotation, Red-Black Trees, External searching in B-Trees, Tree Traversals, B-Trees	10
5	<b>Priority queues:</b> The priority queues Abstract data Type, Implementing a Priority queues with a List, Heaps, Adaptable priority queues.	6
8	<b>Sorting Sets, and Selection:</b> Insertion Sort, Shellsort, Heapsort, Quicksort, Bucket Sort, Merge Sort and radix Sort, and A Lower Bound on comparison-based Sorting and radix Sort, the complexity of some sorting algorithms, comparison of Sorting Algorithms, The Set ADT and union / file Structures	6
9	<b>Graphs:</b> The graph Abstract Data Type, Data Structures for Graphs, Graph Traversals Directed Graphs, Weighted Graphs, Shortest Paths, and Minimum spanning Trees. Applications of DFS and BSF, Shortest-Path Algorithms, Dijkstra's Algorithm, Graphs with Negative Edge Costs, Acyclic Graphs, Network Flow Problems, Minimum Spanning Tree.	9

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Mark Allien Weiss, "Data Structure and Algorithm Analysis in C", Person.
- 2. Micheal Goodrict, Roberto Tamassia,"Data Structure and Algorithm in C++", Wiley India

- 3. Data Structures A Psedocode Approach with C, Richard F. Gilberg & Behrouz A. Forouzan, second edition, CENGAGE Learning.
- 4. Data Structures Using C & C++, Rajesh K. Shukla, Wiley- India
- 5. Data Structures using C, Reema Thareja, Oxford University press.
- 6. Introduction to Data Structure and its Applications Jean-Paul Tremblay, P. G. Sorenson

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Ellis horowitz, Sarataj Sahni, S.Rajsekaran," Fundamentals of computer algorithm", University Press .
- 2. Mark Allen Weiss,"Data Structure & algorithm Analysis in C++", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education
- 3. Micheal Goodrict, Roberto Tamassia,"Data Structure and Algorithm in C++", Wiley India.
- 4. Data Structures Using C, ISRD Group, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 5. Data Structure Using C, Balagurusamy
- 6. C & Data Structures, Prof. P.S. Deshpande, Prof. O.G. Kakde, Dreamtech press.
- 7. Data Structures, Adapted by: GAV PAI, Schaum's Outlines
- 8. Mark Allen Weiss,"Data Structure & algorithm Analysis in C++", 3<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education

#### **Term Work:**

Term Work shall consist of at least 12 programs based on the below list. **Note**: The star (\*) marks experiments are mandatory.

#### Linked List

- 1. Implementations of Linked Lists menu driven program.
- 2. \* Implementation of different operations on linked list copy, concatenate, split, reverse, count no. of nodes etc
- 3. Representation of Sparse matrix using multilinked structure. Implementation of sparse matrix multiplication.
- 4. Implementation of polynomials operations (addition, subtraction) using Linked List.
- 5. \*Implementations of Linked Lists menu driven program (stack and queue)
- 6. Implementations of Double ended queue using Linked Lists.
- 7. Implementation of Priority queue program using Linked List.

#### Stack

- 1. Implementations of stack menu driven program
- 2. Implementation of multistack in one array.
- 3. \* Implementations of Infix to Postfix Transformation and its evaluation program.
- 4. Implementations of Infix to Prefix Transformation and its evaluation program.
- 5. Simulation of recursion

Queue

1.	Implementations of circular queue menu driven program
2.	* Implementations of double ended queue menu driven program
3.	Implementations of queue menu driven program
4.	Implementation of Priority queue program using array.
5.	Implementation of Johnsons Algorithm
6.	Implementation of Simulation Problem
	Tree
1.	*Implementations of Binary Tree menu driven program
2.	Implementation of Binary Tree Traversal program.
3.	*Implementation of construction of expression tree using postfix expression.
4.	Implementations of Huffman code construction
5.	Implementations of BST program
6.	Implementation of various operations on tree like – copying tree, mirroring a tree, counting the number of nodes in the tree, counting only leaf nodes in the tree.
7.	Implementations of B-tree menu driven program
	Implementations of B+ tree program
9.	Implementation of Preorder traversal of a threaded binary tree.
10.	*Implementations of AVL Tree menu driven program
	Sorting
1. <b>2.</b>	Implementations of Shell sort, Radix sort and Insertion sort menu driven program *Implementations of Quick Sort, Merge sort and Heap Sort menu driven program
	Searching
1.	Implementations of searching methods (Index Sequential, Interpolation Search) menu driven program
2.	Implementation of hashing functions with different collision resolution techniques
	Graph
1.	* Implementations of Graph menu driven program

1

# **Theory Examination:**

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1.1

- Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 4 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 3 marks will be asked.
- Remaining question will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

Subject code	Subject Name	Teaching So	cheme		Credits Assigned			
coue		Theory	Practical	Tut.	Theory	TW/Pract	Tut	Total
SEITC303	Object Oriented Programming Methodology *	04	02	-	04	01	-	05

Subject code	Subject Name	Examination Scheme								
code		Theory	Theory Marks				Pract	Oral	Total	
		Interna	Internal Assessment							
					Exam					
SEITC303	Object Oriented Programming Methodology*	Test1	Test2	Average of Test1 and Test2						
		20	20	20	80	25	25	-	150	

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand Object oriented concepts like data abstraction, encapsulation, etc.
- To solve the real world scenarios using top down approach.
- To understand various Java programming constructs.

## **Course Outcomes**

- Students will be able to solve computational problems using basic constructs like if-else, control structures, array, strings.
- Student can understand how to model real world scenario using class diagram.
- Students will exhibit communication between 2 objects using sequence diagram.
- Students will be able to implement relationships between classes.
- Students will be able to demonstrate various collection classes.
- The students will be able to demonstrate programs on exceptions, multithreading and applets.

# Detailed Syllabus:

Sr. No	Торіс	No of Hours
• 1	Programming Approach from proceduaral to Object Orientation OO methodologies: Grady Booch Methodology of OO development	4
2	OO Concepts: Object, Class, Encapsulation or information hiding, Inheritance, Polymorphism, Message communication, Abstraction, Reuse, Coupling and Cohesion, Sufficiency Completeness and Primitiveness, Meta class	5
3	Object Oriented Programming: Java Evolution: History, How java differs from others Overview of Java language: Introduction, Installing and implementing Java, JVM	3
4	Constants, variables and data types Operators and Expressions Revision of Branching and looping	6
5	Class Object and Method: member, method, Modifier, Selector, constructer, destructor, iterator, State of an object, Method Overloading, Inheritance, Method Overriding ,Final class, abstract class and method	6
6	Classes and Relationships : Implementation of Association and Aggegation using simple scenarios	2
7	Array, String, Vector	6
8	Interfaces : variables in Interfaces, Extending an Interface, Difference between an Abstarct class and an Interface	4
9	Multithread programming	4
10	Grouping of classes for deployment and reuse: Built-in Packages: java.lang: wrapper classes java.util: ArrayList and LinkedList Creating and using User defined packages	3
11	Managing Error and Exception	3
12	Applet programming	2

# Text Books:

- 1. Ralph Bravaco, Shai Simoson, "Java Programing From the Group Up", Tata McGrawHill
- 2. Grady Booch, Object Oriented Analysis and Design ;
- 3. Jaime Nino, Frederick A. Hosch, 'An introduction to Programming and Object Oriented Design using Java', Wiley Student Edition.

# Reference Books:

- 1. Java: How to Program, 8/e, Dietal, Dietal, PHI
- 2. Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, "The Unified Modeling Language ser Guide", Pearson Education
- 3. Sachin Malhotra, Saurabh Chaudhary "Programming in Java", Oxford University Press, 2010

# Suggested list of Programming Assignments /Laboratory Work

Divide laboratory work into 3 parts

Part - A

Basic Java structural components and Conditional and control statements:

- $\cdot$  To demonstrate the use of command line argument.
- · To demonstrate various ways of accepting data through keyboard.
- $\cdot$  To understand the working of an array.
- $\cdot$  To understand string class and demonstrate its various functions.

# Part - B

Perform following practical on some case study like Banking Application, Library Application etc.

- $\cdot$  Find out classes, objects and their properties.
- $\cdot$  Create and display objects found in above.
- · Add methods to classes and implement.
- · Refine above objects by adding constructors and local variables.
- $\cdot$  Show communication between the objects by calling instance of one object from another class.
- · Find relationships like inheritance, association, aggregation, composition.
- · Implement above relationships.

## Part - C

- 1. To implement user defined exceptions in Java.
- 2. Demonstrate the use collection classes like ArrayList/LinkedList/HashSet/TreeSet/Map.
- 3. To illustrate Multithreading in Java.
- 4. Simple programs on Applets and AWT.

## TermWork:

Students will submit Term Work in the form of a journal that will include at least 15 programming assignments. Each programming assignment will consist of an algorithm or class diagram/sequence diagram (if applicable), program listing with proper documentation and snapshot of the output. Practical Examination will be based on the term work and questions will be asked to judge

Practical Examination will be based on the term work and questions will be asked to judg understanding of the assignments at the time of the examination.

# Term Work: 25 Marks ( total marks ) = 15 Marks ( Experiment ) + 5 Marks (Assignment) + 5 (Attendance (theory + practical))

# **Theory** `Examination:

- Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 4 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 3 marks will be asked.
- Remaining question will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

Subject	Subject Name	Teaching So	cheme		Credits Assigned			
code		Theory Practical Tut.			Theory	TW/Pract	Tut	Total
SEITC304	Analog and	04	02	-	04	01	-	05
	Digital Circuits							

Subject	Subject	Examir	nation So	cheme					
code	Name	Theory	/ Marks			TW	Pract	Oral	Total
	Internal Assessment		ment	End Semester Exam					
SEITC304	Analog and Digital Circuits	Test1	Test2	Average of Test1 and Test2					
		20	20	20	80	25	25	-	150

#### **Course Objective:**

- 1) To provide concepts that underpins the disciplines of Analog circuits, digital electronics and Microprocessor systems.
- 2) To provide the concept of various components
- 3) To provide basic knowledge of designing Analog and digital circuits

#### **Course outcomes:**

- 1) Knowledge and Awareness of various components.
- 2) Design of stable analog circuits.
- 3) Circuit simulation.
- 4) Binary and hexadecimal calculations and conversions.
- 5) Design of combinational and sequential circuits.
- 6) Translate real world problems into digital logic formulations.
- 7) Awareness in Design of digital systems and concepts of Microprocessor and Microcontroller systems.

# **Detailed Syllabus:**

Module	Detailed Contents	Hours
1	Voltage Regulator and components: Zener diode. Series and Shunt Regulator. Regulator ICs 78XX, IC 79XX.Light Emitting diode(LED), Schottky diode, Varactor diode, power diode, Photodiodes, Liquid- crystal Displays, Solar cells, Thermistor.	06
2	Biasing of BJT: DC operating point, BJT characteristics & parameters,	08

	all biasing circuits, analysis of above circuits and their design, variation of operation point and its stability. Differential Amplifier, constant current source, current mirror. Introduction to FET and comparison with BJT.	
3	Operational Amplifiers and linear applications: Block diagram representation, Ideal Op-amp, Equivalent circuit, Open-loop configuration, Transfer characteristics. Op-amp with negative feedback, Frequency response. Op-amp IC 741 specifications. Basic op-amp applications: Adder, Scalar, Subtractor, Difference amplifier, I-V converter, V-I converters, Integrator, Differentiator, Instrumentation amplifier using 2 and 3 op-amp stages. IC 555 Timer, Astable, and Monostable Multivibrator.	10
4	Number Systems and Codes: Binary, Octal, Decimal and Hexadecimal number Systems and their conversion, Binary Addition and Subtraction , Gray Code, BCD Code, Excess-3 code, ASCII Code.	04
5	Boolean Algebra and Logic Gates: Theorems and Properties of Boolean Algebra, Standard SOP and POS form, Reduction of Boolean functions using Algebric method, K -map method (2,3,4 Variable). Basic Digital Circuits: NOT,AND,OR,NAND,NOR,EX-OR,EX-NOR Gates.	04
6	Combinational Logic Design: Introduction, Half and Full Adder, Half and Full Subtractor, Four Bit Binary Adder, One digit BCD Adder, code conversion, Multiplexers and Demultiplexers, Decoders, 4-bit Magnitude Comparator IC 7485 and ALU IC74181.	06
7	Sequential Logic Design: Flip Flops: SR, D, JK, JK Master Slave and T Flip Flop, Truth Tables and Excitation Tables, Flip-flop conversion. Counters: Design of Asynchronous and Synchronous Counters, Modulo Counters, UP- DOWN counter .IC 74193 Shift Registers: Shift Register IC 7496, SISO, SIPO,PIPO,PISO, Bidirectional Shift Register, Universal Shift Register, Ring and Johnson Counter.	06
8	Introduction to VHDL: Introduction, Library, Entity, Architecture, Modeling Styles, Concurrent and sequential statements, Data objects and Data types, attributes. Design Examples for combinational circuits.	04

# **TERMWORK MARKS:** 1. Attendance (Theory and Practical) - 05 2. Laboratory work (Experiments and Journal) -15

-05

3. Assignments

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of Laboratory Work and Minimum Passing in the term work.

#### LABORTARY WORK:

1. Laboratory work should consist of at least 10 Experiments.

The Experiments should be based on following topics (Any Ten):

- 1) Zener diode as Regulator.
- 2) BJT Biasing Method.
- 3) OP-amp as Inverting and Non-inverting amplifier.
- 4) Applications of Op-amp.
- 5) IC 555 as astable Multivibrator.
- 6) Simulation of any circuit using Pspice.
- 7) Logic Gates.
- 8) Code Conversion.
- 9) Multiplexer, Demultiplexer.
- 10) Flip-flops using gates and ICs.
- 11) Design of Sequential circuits.
- 12) VHDL for Combinational logic.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Robert L. Boylestad, Louis Nashelsky, "Electronic devices and circuit Theory", PHI
- 2. Ramakant A. Gaikwad, "Op-amp and linear Integrated circuits", PHI
- 3. R. P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronics", Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. M. Morris Mano, "Digital Logic and computer Design", PHI.
- 5. J. Bhasker." VHDL Primer", Pearson Education

#### **Reference Books:**

- Martin s. Roden, Gordon L. Carpenter, William R. Wieserman "Electronic Design-From Concept to Reality", Shroff Publishers and Distributors.
- 2. D.roy Choudhury, shail B.jain, "Linear integrated Circuits", New age International Publisher.
- 3. Subrata Ghosal, "Digital Electronics", Cengage Learning.
- 4. Anil K. Maini, "Digital Electronics Principles and Integrated Circuits", Wiley India
- 5. Donald p Leach, Albert Paul Malvino, "Digital principles and Applications", Tata McGraw Hill.

# **Theory Examination :**

- Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 4 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 3 marks will be asked.
- Remaining question will be randomly selected from all the modules. Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

Subject	Subject	Teac	hing Sche	eme	Credits Assigned				
Code	Name	Theory Pract. Tut.			Theory	TW/Pract	Tut.	Total	
SEITC305	Database	03 02			03	01		04	
	Management								
	System								

Sub. Code	Subject	Examina	Examination Scheme						
	Name	Theory I	Theory Marks				Pract.	Oral	Total
		Internal Assessment En			End				
SEITC305	Database Management System	Test 1	Test 2	Avg. of Test1 & Test2	Semester Exam				
		20	20	20	80	25	25	-	150

#### **Objective:**

- Learn and practice data modeling using the entity-relationship and developing database designs.
- Understand the use of Structured Query Language (SQL) and learn SQL syntax.
- Apply normalization techniques to normalize the database
- Understand the needs of database processing and learn techniques for controlling the consequences of concurrent data access.

Outcome: The student should be able:

- To describe data models and schemas in DBMS
- To understand the features of database management systems and Relational database.
- To use SQL- the standard language of relational databases.
- To understand the functional dependencies and design of the database.
- To understand the concept of Transaction and Query processing.

Detailed Syllabus:

Module	Detailed content	Hours
1	Introduction Database Concepts: Introduction, Characteristics of databases,	02
	File system V/s Database system, Users of Database system, Concerns when	
	using an enterprise database, Data Independence, DBMS system architecture,	
	Database Administrator,	
2	Entity-Relationship Data Model :	03
	Introduction, Benefits of Data Modeling, Types of Models, Phases of Database	
	Modeling, The Entity-Relationship (ER) Model, Generalization, Specialization	
	and Aggregation, Extended Entity-Relationship (EER) Model.	
3	Relational Model and Algebra : Introduction, Mapping the ER and EER Model	06
	to the Relational Model, Data Manipulation, Data Integrity, Advantages of the	

	Relational Model, Relational Algebra, Relational Algebra Queries, Relational Calculus.	
4	<b>Structured Query Language (SQL) :</b> Overview of SQL, Data Definition Commands, Set operations, aggregate function, null values, , Data Manipulation commands, Data Control commands, Views in SQL, Nested and complex queries .	06
5	<b>Integrity and Security in Database:</b> Domain Constraints, Referential integrity, Assertions, Trigger, Security, and authorization in SQL	04
6	<b>Relational–Database Design :</b> Design guidelines for relational schema, Function dependencies, Normal Forms- 1NF, 2 NF, 3NF, BCNF and 4NF	04
7	<b>Transactions Management and Concurrency:</b> Transaction concept, Transaction states, ACID properties, Implementation of atomicity and durability, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of isolation, Concurrency Control: Lock-based, Timestamp-based, Validation- based protocols, Deadlock handling, Recovery System: Failure Classification, Storage structure, Recovery & atomicity, Log based recovery, Shadow paging.	06
8	Query Processing and Optimization: Overview ,Issues in Query Optimization ,Steps in Query Processing , System Catalog or Metadata, Query Parsing , Query Optimization, Access Paths , Query Code Generation , Query Execution , Algorithms for Computing Selection and Projection , Algorithms for Computing a Join , Computing Aggregation Functions , Cost Based Query Optimization .	05

### **Text Books:**

- 1. G. K. Gupta :"Database Management Systems", McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Korth, Slberchatz, Sudarshan, :"Database System Concepts", 6th Edition, McGraw Hill
- 3. Elmasri and Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", 5thEdition, PEARSON Education.
- 4. Peter Rob and Carlos Coronel, "Database Systems Design, Implementation and Management", Thomson Learning, 5th Edition.

#### **Reference Books :**

- 1. Dr. P.S. Deshpande, SQL and PL/SQL for Oracle 10g, Black Book, Dreamtech Press
- 2. Mark L. Gillenson, Paulraj Ponniah, "Introduction to Database Management", Wiley
- 3. Sharaman Shah ,"Oracle for Professional", SPD.
- 4. Raghu Ramkrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, "Database Management Systems", TMH
- 5.Debabrata Sahoo "Database Management Systems" Tata McGraw Hill, Schaum's Outline

# Term Work:

Assign a case study for group of 2/3 students and each group to perform on their case study following experiments-

- 1) Problem Definition and draw ER /EER diagram
- 2) Design Relational Model
- 3) Perform DDL operation
- 4) PL/SQL
- 5) Perform DML and DCL operations
- 6) Executes- Assertions, Trigger,
- 7) Implementation ACID properties
- 8) Draw Query tree
- 9) Estimate cost of query

# Laboratory Syllabus:

- 1) Problem Definition and draw ER /EER diagram
- 2) Design Relational Model
- 3) Perform DDL operation
- 4) PL/SQL
- 5) Perform DML and DCL operations
- 6) Executes- Assertions, Trigger,
- 7) Implementation ACID properties
- 8) Draw Query tree
- 9) Estimate cost of query

# Tools used:

Oracle, DB2, MY SQL or any other open source tools.

# **Theory Examination :**

- Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- Total 4 questions need to be solved.
- Q.1 will be compulsory, based on entire syllabus wherein sub questions of 2 to 3 marks will be asked.
- Remaining question will be randomly selected from all the modules.

Weightage of marks should be proportional to number of hours assigned to each module.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Teaching Scheme			Credits Assigned					
		Theory	Practical	ractical Tutorial		TW/ Practical	Tutorial	Total		
SEITC306	Principles of Analog and Digital Communic ation	03	02		03	01		04		

Subject Code		Examination Scheme								
		Theory Marks								
	Subject Name	Inter	mal asse	ssment	End	Term	Practical Oral	Oral	Total	
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. of 2 Tests	Sem. Exam	Work	Practical	Orai	1 otai	
SEITC306	Principles of Analog and Digital Communication	20	20	20	80	25		25	150	

#### Prerequisite

Basic knowledge of electrical engineering concepts and analog and digital electronics.

#### **Course Objective**

To introduce the basic principles and techniques used in analog and digital communications, involving analog and digital modulation techniques, communication receiver and transmitter design, baseband and bandpass communication techniques, line coding techniques, noise analysis and multiplexing techniques.

### **Course Outcome**

The student can analyse analog communication systems, can understand differences between analog and digital representation and transmission of information, trade-offs (in terms of bandwidth, power, and complexity requirements) between basic analog and digital communication systems and can design basic analog or digital communication systems to solve a given communications problem.

**Detailed Syllabus:** 

Module	Topics	Hours
1	<b>Introduction</b> Basics of analog communication systems (Block diagram), Sources of information, Baseband and bandpass signals, Types of communication channels, Frequency / Spectrum allocations, Need for modulation and demodulation	03
2	<b>Fourier Transform and Noise</b> Introduction to Fourier Transform, its properties, Fourier transform of unit step, delta and gate function. Correlated and uncorrelated sources of noise in communication system, Noise parameters – Signal to noise ratio, Noise factor, Noise figure, Friis formula and Equivalent noise temperature	04
3	<ul> <li>Analog Modulation and Demodulation</li> <li>Amplitude modulation techniques and its types- DSBFC AM,</li> <li>DSBSC-AM, SSB SC AM- spectrum, waveforms, bandwidth,</li> <li>power calculations. AM Receivers – Block diagram of TRF</li> <li>receivers and Super heterodyne receiver. Receiver characteristics -</li> <li>Sensitivity, Selectivity, Fidelity, Image frequency and its rejection</li> <li>and double spotting</li> <li>FM transmission and reception:</li> <li>Principle of FM- waveforms, spectrum, bandwidth. Pre- emphasis</li> <li>and de-emphasis in FM, FM noise triangle, Comparison of AM and</li> <li>FM systems, FM generation: Direct method – Varactor diode</li> <li>modulator, Indirect method (Armstrong method)</li> <li>FM demodulator: Foster Seely discriminator, Ratio detector.</li> </ul>	11

4	<b>Pulse Analog Modulation</b> Sampling theorem for low pass and bandpass signals with proof, anti aliasing filter, PAM, PWM and PPM generation and degeneration.	04
5	<b>Digital Modulation Techniques</b> Introduction to digital communication (Block diagram), Quantization process, Pulse code modulation, Delta modulation, Adaptive delta modulation, Principle of time division multiplexing, Frequency division multiplexing and its applications	04
6	<b>Bandpass Modulation</b> Introduction to Line codes, Intersymbol interference, Binary phase shift keying, Differentally encoded phase shift keying, Quadrature phase shift keying, M-ary phase shift keying, Quadrature amplitude shift keying, Binary frequency shift keying, M-ary frequency shift keying, Minimum shift keying. (Block diagram, spectrum and bandwidth calculation and applications in each case)	10
	1	(12 x 3)=
	Total	36 hours

#### Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of the syllabus. The average marks of both the tests will be considered as final IA marks.

#### **Recommended Books**

#### **Text Books**

- [1] Simon Haykin, Michael Moher, Introduction to Analog & Digital Communications, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Ed.
- [2] Herbert Taub, Donald L Schilling, Goutam Saha, Principles of Communication Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rdEd.
- [3] V Chandrasekar, Communication Systems, Oxford University Press, Ist Ed.

### **Reference Books**

George Kennedy, Bernard Davis, SRM Prasanna, Electronic Communication Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, 5th Ed.

- [1] Wayne Tomasi, Electronic Communications Systems, Pearson Publication, 5th Ed.
- [2] BP Lathi,Zhi Ding, Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems, Oxford University Press, 4th Ed.
- [4] K Sam Shanmugam, Digital and Analog Communication Systems, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 1st Ed.

#### **Suggested Topics of Experiments**

- 1. Amplitude modulation generation and detection
- 2. Frequency modulation generation and detection
- 3. Study of AM/ FM receiver
- 4. Signal sampling and reconstruction
- 5 PWM generation
- 6. PCM coding and decoding
- 7. Delta modulation and demodulation
- 8. TDM/ FDM
- 9. BPSK
- 10. BFSK
- 11. BASK
- 12. QPSK
- 13. Study of eye pattern

#### Term Work:

Term work shall consist of at least 08 experiments from the suggested topics. 04 experiments out of these have to be performed on hardware and 04 can be performed using suitable simulation software.

Distribution of marks for term work shall be asfollows:

- 1. Attendance (Theory and Practical): 05 Marks
- 2. Laboratory work (Experiments and Journal): 10 Marks
- 3. Assignments: 10 Marks

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory Work and Minimum Passing in the term work.

## **Theory Examination:**

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- Total 4 questions need to be solved.
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