UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



Bachelor of Engineering

BACHELOR OF ELECTRONICS AND TELECOMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Second Year (Semester III And IV), Revised Course (Rev2012) From Academic Year 2013-14

(As per Credit Based Semester and Grading System with effect from the academic year 2012–2013)

Sub	Subject Name	Teach	ing Schem	e (Hrs.)		Credits A	ssigned	
Code	-	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total
ETS301	Applied Mathematics III	04		01	04		01	05
ETC302	Analog Electronics I	04			04			04
ETC303	Digital Electronics	04			04			04
ETC304	Circuits and Transmission Lines	04			04			04
ETC305	Electronic Instruments and Measurements	04			04			04
ETC306	Object Oriented Programming Methodology	02			1			
ETL301	Analog Electronics I Laboratory	-	02		-	01		01
ETL302	Digital Electronics Laboratory		02			01		01
ETL303	Circuits and Measurement Laboratory		02			01		01
ETL304	Object Oriented Programming Methodology, Laboratory	02	02			01		01
Total		24	08	01	20	04	01	25

Subject	Subject Name			Ex	caminatio	n Schen	ne		
Code	-		The	ory Marks		Term	Practical	Oral	Total
		Inte	rnal ass	essment	End	Work	and Oral		
		Test	Test	Avg. of	Sem.				
		1	2	Test 1 &	Exam				
				Test 2					
ETS301	Applied Mathematics III	20	20	20	80	25			125
ETC302	Analog Electronics I	20	20	20	80				100
ETC303	Digital Electronics	20	20	20	80				100
ETC304	Circuits and Transmission	20	20	20	80				100
	Lines								
ETC305	BO5 Electronic Instruments and		20	20	80				100
	Measurements								
ETC306	Object Oriented								
	Programming Methodology								
ETL301	Analog Electronics I					25	50		75
	Laboratory								
ETL302	Digital Electronics					25	50		75
	Laboratory								
ETL303	Circuits and Measurement					25			25
	Laboratory								
ETL304	Object Oriented					25	50		75
	Programming Methodology,								
	Laboratory								
				100	400	125	150		775

Subjec t Code	Subject Name	Те	aching Sch	eme	Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total	
ETC	Applied	04		01	04	-	01	05	
301	Mathematics III								

Subject	Subject Name	Examination Scheme								
Code			Theory Marks				Practical	Oral	Total	
		Inte	Internal assessment End Sem.		Work					
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. Of Test 1 and Test 2	Exam					
ETC 301	Applied Mathematics III	20	20	20	80	25			125	

FE C 101 : Applied Mathematics I FE C 201 : Applied Mathematics II

- To provide students with a sound foundation in Mathematics and prepare them for graduate studies in Electronics and Telecommunication Engg.
- To provide students with mathematics fundamental necessary to formulate, solve and analyze engg. problems.
- To provide opportunity for students to work as part of teams on multi disciplinary projects.

Expected Outcomes:

- Students will demonstrate basic knowledge of Laplace Transform. Fourier Series, Bessel Functions, Vector Algebra and Complex Variable.
- Students will demonstrate an ability to identify formulate and solve electronics and telecommunication Engg. problem using Applied Mathematics.
- Students will show the understanding of impact of Engg. mathematics on Telecom Engg.
- Students who can participate and succeed in competitive exams like GATE, GRE.

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics									
1. 0	NO.										
1.0	1.1	Laplace Transform (LT) of Standard Functions: Definition. Unilateral and bilateral Laplace Transform, LT of sin(at), cos(at),	12								
	1.2	e^{at} , t^n , $sinh(at)$, $cosh(at)$, $erf(t)$, Heavi-side unit step, direct-delta Function, LT of periodic Function Properties of Laplace Transform: linearity, first shifting									
		theorem, second shifting theorem, multiplication by t^n , division by									
		t, Laplace Transform of derivatives and integrals, change of scale, convolution theorem, initial and final value theorem, Parsevel's identity									
	1.3	Inverse Laplace Transform: Partial fraction method, long division method, residue method									
	1.4	Applications of Laplace Transform : Solution of ordinary Differential Educations									
2.0		Fourier Series	10								
	2.1	Introduction: Definition, Dirichlet's conditions, Euler's formulae									
	2.2	Fourier Series of Functions: exponential, trigonometric Functions, even and odd Functions, half range sine and cosine series									
	2.3	Complex form of Fourier series, orthogonal and orthonormal set of Functions Fourier integral representation									
3.0		Bessel Functions	80								
	3.1	Solution of Bessel Differential Education: series method, recurrence relation, properties of Bessel Function of order +1/2 and -1/2									
	3.2	Generating Function, orthogonality property									
	3.3	Bessel Fourier series of a Functions									
4.0		Vector Algebra	12								
	4.1	Scalar and Vector Product: Sclar and Vector Product of three and four vectors and their properties									
	4.2	Vector Differentiation : Gradient of scalar point Function, divergence and curl of vector point Function									
	4.3	Properties: Solenoidal and Irrotational vector fields, conservative vector field									
	4.4	Vector Integral: Line integral, Green's theorem in a plane, Gauss Divergence theorem, Stokes' theorem									
5.0		Complex Variable	10								
	5.1	Analytic Function: Necessary and sufficient conditions, Cauchy Reiman. Equations in polar form									
	5.2	Harmonic Function, orthogonal trajectories									
	5.3	Mapping: Conformal mapping, bilinear Transformations, cross ratio, fixed points, bilinear Transformation of straight lines and circles.									
		Total	52								

Text books:

- 1) P. N. Wartilar and J. N. Wartikar, "A Text Book of Applied Mathematic", Vol. I & II, Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan, Pune
- 2) A Datta, "Mathematical Methods in Science and Engineerin", 2012
- 3) Dr. B.S. Grewal, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publication

Reference Books:

- 1) B. S. Tyagi, "Functions of a Complex Variable," Kedarnath Ram Nath Publication
- 2) B V Ramana, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw-Hill Publication
- 3) Wylie and Barret, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", McGraw-Hill 6th Edition
- 4) Erwin Kreysizg, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 5) Murry R. Spieget, "Vector Analysis", Schaun's Out Line Series, McGraw Hill Publication

Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the tests will be considered for final Internal Assessment.

End Semester Examination:

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4: Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.
- 5: Weightage of marks will be as per Blueprint.

Term Work:

At least 08 assignments covering entire syllabus must be given during the **Class Wise Tutorial**. The assignments should be students' centric and an attempt should be made to make assignments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every assignment graded from time to time. The grades will be converted to marks as per **Credit and Grading System** manual and should be added and averaged. Based on above scheme grading and term work assessment should be done.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Tea	aching Sch	eme	Credits Assigned				
		Theory	ory Practical Tutorial			TW/Practical	Tutorial	Total	
ETC 202	Analaa	1			<u>y</u>	01		OF	
ETC 302	Analog Electronics I	4			4	01		05	

Subject	Subject	Examination Scheme									
Code	Name	Theory Marks					Practica	Oral	Total		
		Inte	rnal as	sessment	End Sem.	Work	l and Oral				
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. Of Test 1 and Test 2	Exam						
ETC 302	Analog Electronics I	20	20	20	80	25	50	1	175		

- o FEC102 Applied Physics
- FEC105 Basic Electricity and Electronics

Course Objective:

- To understand physical operation of semiconductor devices
- To understand DC and AC models of semiconductor devices
- To apply concepts of DC and AC modeling of semiconductor devices for the design and analysis
- To verify the theoretical concepts through laboratory and simulation experiments.

Expected Outcomes:

After completion of this course students will be:

- Able to understand the current voltage characteristics of semiconductor devices.
- Able to understand and relate dc and ac models of semiconductor devices with their physical Operation.
- Able to perform dc and ac analysis of the basic electronic Circuits
- Able to design analog system and components.

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
1.0	1.0	Diodes and its Applications	08
	1.1	PN Junction Diode: Diode current equation, effect of temperature on diode	
	•••	characteristics, breakdown mechanism, diode as a switch, small signal model	
F	1.2	Clippers and Clampers: voltage transfer characteristics, series and shunt clippers,	
	1.2	single diode series and shunt clamper Circuits	
F	1.3	Other PN junction devices: Construction and operation of Varactor diode,	
	1.5	photodiode, Schottkey diode (no numericals for this unit)	
2.0	2.0	Field Effect Transistors	10
2.0	2.0		10
	2.1	Junction Field Effect Transistor (JFET): Construction, working, regions of	
		operation, transfer (V_{GS} Vs I_D) and output (V_{DS} Vs I_D) characteristics, Schockely	
-		equation	
	2.2	Metal-Oxide Effect Transistor (MOSFET):	
		E-MOSFET: MOS capacitor, energy band diagram of MOS capacitor in	
		accumulation, depletion and inversion region, concept of threshold voltage, operation	
		of MOSFET, derivation of threshold voltage and drain current, body effect, channel	
		length modulation	
		D-MOSFET: Construction and working	
3.0	3.0	DC Analysis of Transistor Circuits	10
	3.1	Bipolar Junction Transistor: Review of BJT Characteristics, DC load line and	
		regions of operation, transistor as a switch, DC analysis of common BJT Circuits,	
		analysis and design of fixed bias, collector to base bias and voltage divider bias,	
		stability factor analysis	
	3.2	Junction Field Effect Transistor: Analysis and design of self bias and voltage	
		divider bias	
F	3.3	MOSFET: DC load line and region of operation, common MOSFETs configurations,	
		analysis and design of biasing Circuits	
4.0	4.0	Small Signal Analysis of BJT Amplifiers	08
	4.1	BJT CE Amplifier: understanding of amplification concept with reference to	
		input/output characteristics, AC load line analysis, definition of Amplifier parameters	
		Z_{i} , Z_{0} , A_{v} and A_{i} , graphical analysis to evaluate parameters	
F	4.2	Small Signal mid Frequency Models: hybrid-pi model, early effect, h-parameter	
	r. <u>~</u>	model	
-	4.3	Small Signal Analysis: small signal analysis (mid-frequency) $(Z_i, Z_0, A_v \text{ and } A_i)$ of	
	7.5	CE, CB, and CC configurations using hybrid-pi model, comparison between CE, CB,	
		and CC configurations with reference to parameters	
5.0	5.0	Small Signal Analysis of FET Amplifiers	08
3.0	5.1	JFET CS Amplifier: Small signal equivalent Circuit and analysis (mid-frequency)	00
	J. I	(Z_i, Z_0 , and A_v)	
F	F 2		
	5.2	E-MOSFET Amplifier: Graphical analysis to evaluate parameters, AC load line,	
		small signal model, small signal (mid-frequency) analysis of CS, CD, and CG	
C 0		Amplifiers One illustrate (no numericale)	00
6.0	6.0	Oscillators (no numericals)	80
	6.1	Concepts of Oscillator: Concept of negative and positive feedback and condition	
		for Oscillation	
F	~ ~	RC oscillators: Phase Shift and Wein Bridge	
_	6.2		
	6.3	LC Oscillators: Hartley, Colpitts, and Clapps	

Text Books:

- 1. Donald A. Neamen, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", TATA McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition
- 2. Adel S. Sedra, Kenneth C. Smith, and Arun N Chandorkar, "Microelectronic Circuits Theory and Applications", International Version, OXFORD International Students, Fifth Edition

Recommended Books:

- 1) Sung-Mo (Steve) Kang, and Yusuf Leblebici, "CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits Analysis and Design", TATA McGraw Hill
- 2) Salivan, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Publication
- 3) Jacob Millima, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Publication
- 4) Rashid, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Publication
- 5) Anil K. Maini and Varsha Agrawal, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Wiley Publications

Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the tests will be considered for final Internal Assessment.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4: Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.
- 5: Weightage of marks will be as per Blueprint.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Те	aching Sche	eme	Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	TW/	Tutorial	Total	
					-	Practical			
ETC 302	Analog		02			01		01	
	Electronics I								
	Laboratory								

Subject	Subject	Examination Scheme								
Code	Name	Theory Marks				Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		Internal assessment		End Sem.	Work	and				
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. Of Test 1 and Test 2	Exam	Oral				
ETC	Analog					25	50	-	75	
302	Electronics I Laboratory									

At least **10** experiments covering entire syllabus should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion. Computation/simulation based experiments are also encouraged. The experiments should be students' centric and attempt should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment graded from time to time. The grades will be converted to marks as per **Credit and Grading** System manual and should be added and averaged. Based on the above scheme grading and term work assessment should be done.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Те	aching Sch	eme	Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Theory Practical Tutorial			TW/ Practical	Tutorial	Total	
ETC 303	Digital Electronics	04			04	01		05	

Subject	Subject		Examination Scheme								
Code	Name		Th	neory Marks		Term	Practical	Oral	Total		
		Inte	rnal as	sessment	End	Work	and oral				
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. of Test 1 and Test 2	Sem. Exam						
ETC303	Digital Electronics	20	20	20	80	25	50	-	175		

Course Objective:

- To introduce the fundamental concepts and methods for design of various digital Circuits.
- To build the skill of digital system design and testing used in various fields of computing, communication, automatic control of mechanisms and instrumentation.

Expected Outcomes:

After completion of course, students will be

- Able to distinguish between Digital & Analog signals & data.
- Able to analyze, Transform & minimize combination logic Circuits.
- Understanding of basic arithmetic Circuits.
- Able to design and analyze sequential Circuits.
- Counter to solve a real-world problem.
- Able to design digital system and components.

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
1.0		Number Systems and Codes	04
	1.1	Arithmetic codes: Review of number system, BCD code, Octal code, Hexa-	
		decimal code, EX-3 code, Gray code, ASCII Code	
2.0		Logic Gates and Combinational Logic Circuits	16
	2.1	DTL,TTL,ECL, and CMOS gates: transfer characteristics, noise margin, fan in	
		fan out Introduction to logic families, DTL, TTL, ECL & CMOS with taking into	
	0.0	account their transfer characteristics, noise margin, fan in fan out.	
	2.2	Universal gates and combinational Circuits: Realization of basic gates using	
		NAND and NOR gates, Boolean Algebra, De Morgan's Theorem, SOP and POS representation, K-map up to five variables and Quine-McClusky method, Variable	
		Entered Mapping	
	2.3	Arithmetic Circuits: Adders, subtractor, Carry look ahead adder, BCD adder,	
		magnitude comparator, binary multiplier, series and parallel address.	
	2.4	Multiplexer and De-multiplexer: Boolean Functions implementation using	
		Multiplexer and De-multiplexer, Encoder and Decoder, Parity generator and	
		checkers	
3.0		Sequential Logic Circuits	16
	3.1	Flip flops and Registers: RS, JK, T D and Master slave flip flops, , conversion of	
		flip flops, Universal shift registers	
	3.2	Counter design: Asynchronous and synchronous counter, up/down counters,	
		MOD-N counters, pre-settable counters, skipping state counters.	
	3.3	Shift Registers Design: SISO, SIPO, PISO, PIPO, shift left and shift right	
	2.4	registers	
	3.4	Applications of Sequential Circuits: Frequency division, Ring counter, Johnson counter, Moore and Mealy machine, state transition diagram, synthesis table	
	3.6	State reduction techniques: Row elimination and implication table methods	
4.0	3.0	Different types of Memory	06
7.0	4.1	Classification and Characteristics of Memory: SRAM, DRAM, ROM, PROM,	00
	7.1	EPROM and FLASH memories	
5.0		Introduction to Programmable Logic Devices	10
	5.1	CPLD and FPGA: Architecture of CPLD and FPGA, Xilinx XC 9500 CPLD Series	
		and Xilinx XC 4000 FPGA Series	
		VHDL: Data types, Structural Modeling using VHDL, attributes, data flow,	
		behavioral, VHDL implementation of basic combinational and sequential Circuits	
	5.2	Programmable Logic Devices: PLA and PAL	
		Total	52

Text Books:

- 1. Malvino
- 2. J. Bhaskar, "VHDL Primer", Prentice Hall, 3rd Edition

Reference Books:

- 1. Floyed and Jain, "Digital fundamentals", Pearson Education, 8th Edition
- 2. S. Brown and Z. Vranesic, *"Fundamentals of Digital Logic Design with VHDL"*, Tata McGrawHill, 2nd Edition
- 3. John F. Warkerly, "Digital Design Principles and Practices", Person Education, 4th Edition
- 4. Lee S.C, "Digital Circuit and Logic Design", Prentice Hall of India," 2007
- 5. Malvino A.P. and Leach D.P., "Digital Principles and Applications", TMH, 6th Edition
- 6. R. P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronics", Tata McGraw-Hill, 4th Edition
- 7.Brian Holdsworth and Clive Woods, "Digital Logic Design", Oxford Newnes, 4th Edition

Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the tests will be considered for final Internal Assessment.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4: Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.
- 5: Weightage of marks will be as per Blueprint.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Те	aching Sch	eme	Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	TW/ Practical	Tutorial	Total	
ETC 303	Digital Electronics Laboratory		02			01		01	

Subject	Subject	Examination Scheme										
Code	Name	Theory Mark				Term	Practical	Oral	Total			
		Inte	rnal as	sessment	End	Work	and oral					
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. of Test 1 and Test 2	Sem. Exam							
ETC303	Digital Electronics Laboratory					25	50	-	75			

At least **10** experiments covering entire syllabus should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion. Computation/simulation based experiments are also encouraged. The experiments should be students' centric and attempt should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment graded from time to time. The grades will be converted to marks as per **Credit and Grading** System manual and should be added and averaged. Based on the above scheme grading and term work assessment should be done.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Те	aching Sch	eme	Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	TW/ Practical	Tutorial	Total	
ETC 304	Circuits and Transmission Lines	04			04			04	

Subject	Subject		Examination Scheme								
Code	Name		Th	eory Mark	S	Term	Practical	Oral	Total		
		Internal assessment			End Sem.	Work					
		Test	Test	Avg. of	Exam						
		1	2	2 Tests							
ETC	Circuits and	20	20	20	80				100		
304	Transmission										
	Lines										

FEC 105: Basic Electrical and Electronics Engg. Laplace Transform, Differential Educations

Course Objective:

- To analyze and synthesize Circuits and to become familiar with the propagation of signals through transmission lines.
- To analyze the Circuits in time and frequency domain
- To study network Functions, inter relationship among various Circuits' parameters, solve more complex network using these parameters.

Program Education Objectives:

- Through test, laboratory exercises and home assignment, students will be able to apply their knowledge in solving complex Circuits.
- Students will be able to evaluate the time and frequency response which is useful in understanding behavior of Electronics Circuits and Control System.
- Student will able to understand how the information in terms of voltage and current is transmitted through the transmission lines and importance of matching.

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
1.0		Electrical Circuit Analysis of Mutually Exclusive and Coupled Circuits	12
	1.1	Analysis of DC Circuits: Analysis of Circuits with and without controlled sources using generalized loop and node matrix methods Circuit Theorems: Source Transformation, Superposition, Thevenin, Norton, Millman	
	1.2	Self and Mutual Inductances: Self and mutual inductances, coefficient of coupling, Dot convention, equivalent Circuit, solution using loop analysis	
	1.3	Tuned coupled Circuits: Analysis of tuned coupled Circuits	
2.0		Time and Frequency Domain Analysis	10
	2.1	Time domain analysis of R-L and R-C Circuits: Forced and natural response, time constant, initial and final values Solution using first order equation for standard input signals: transient and steady state time response, solution using universal formula	
	2.2	Time domain analysis of R-L-C Circuits: Forced and natural response, effect of damping Solution using second order equation for standard input signals: transient and steady state time response	
	2.3	Frequency domain analysis of RLC Circuits: S - domain representation, applications of Laplace Transform in solving electrical networks, driving point and transfer Function, Poles and Zeros, calculation of residues by analytical and graphical method, analysis of ladder and lattice network Response to standard signals: transient and steady state time response of R-L-C Circuits	
3.0		Synthesis of RLC Circuits	10
	3.1	Positive Real Functions: Concept of positive real Function, testing for Hurwitz polynomials, testing for necessary and sufficient conditions for Positive real Functions	
	3.2	Synthesis of RC, RL, LC Circuits: properties and synthesis of RC, RL, LC driving point Functions	
4.0		Two Port Circuits	80
	4.1	Parameters: Open Circuits, short Circuit, Transmission and Hybrid parameters, relationship among parameters, Reciprocity and symmetry conditions.	
	4.2	Interconnections of Two-Port Circuits, T & Л representation.	
	4.3	Terminated Two-port Circuits.	
5.0		Radio Frequency Transmission Lines	10
	5.1	Transmission Line Representation: T and Π representations, terminated transmission line, infinite line	
	5.2	Parameters of Radio Frequency Lines: Propagation constant, attenuation constant, phase constant, group velocity, input impedance, characteristic impedance, reflection coefficient, standing wave ratio, VSWR, ISWR, Sparameters	
	5.3	Smith Chart: impedance locus diagram, impedance matching	
		Total	52

Text Books

- 1. Franklin F Kuo, "Network Analysis and Synthesis", Wiley Toppan, 2nd.ed. 1966
- 2. W L Everitt and G E Anner, "Communication Engineering", Mc-GrawHill, New York, 3rd Edition, 1956

Reference Books

- 1. M E Van Valkenburg, "Network Analysis", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 26th Indian Reprint, 2000
- 2. K V V Murty and M S Kamth, "Basic Circuit Analysis", Jaico Publishing house, London
- 3. A Chakrabarti, "Circuit Theory", Dhanpat Rai & Co., Delhi, 6h Edition

Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the test will be considered for final Internal Assessment.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4: Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.
- 5: Weightage of marks will be as per Blueprint.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Те	aching Sch	eme	Credits Assigned			
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	TW/ Practical	Tutorial	Total
ETC 405	Electronic Instruments and Measurements	04			04			04

Subject	Subject Name	e Examination Scheme							
Code	-		Th	neory Marks		Term	Practical	Oral	Total
		Internal assessment			End	Work	and oral		
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. Of Test 1 and Test 2	Sem. Exam				
ETC 405	Electronic Instruments and Measurements	20	20	20	80				100

Pre-requisites:

 Students are expected to have knowledge of the basic electronics Circuits including analog and digital electronics

Course Objective:

- To understand basic Functions and principle of working of sensors and components used in Electronic Measurement
- To understand Principles of Advanced Electronic Instruments and application in measurement of electronics parameters

Course Outcome:

- Students will learn measurement of physical parameters using various transducers and working of sensors.
- They will become familiar with basics of instruments and details of operation of measuring instruments and their applications.

Module No.	Unit No.	Topics	Hrs.
1. 0		Principals of Measurement	06
	1.1	Introduction to Basic Instruments: Components of Generalized measurement system, applications of instrument systems, static and dynamic characteristics of instruments, concepts of accuracy, precision, linearity, sensitivity, resolution, hysteresis, calibration	
	1,2	Errors in Measurement: Errors in measurement, classification of errors, remedies to eliminate errors	
2.0		Sensors and Transducers	12
	2.1	Basics of Sensors and Transducers: Active and Passive transducers, characteristics and selection criteria of transducers, working principle of Eddy-Current Sensors, Pizoelectric Transducers, Photoelectric and Photo Voltaic Sensors, Capacitance Sensors	
	2.2	Displacement and Pressure: Potentiometers, pressure gauges, Linear Variable Differential Transformers for measurement of pressure and displacement, Strain Gauges	
	2.3	Temperature Transducers: Resistance Temperature Detectors, Thermistors, and Thermocouples, their ranges and applications	
3.0		Testing and Measuring Instruments	10
	3.1	Analog Multi-meter: Multi-range measurement of voltage, current and resistance, specifications	
	3.2	Measurement Resistance: Kellvin's Double Bridge, Wheatstone bridge, and Megaohm Bridge Measurement of Inductance: Maxwell Bridge and Hey Bridge; Measurement of Capacitance: Schering Bridge Q-Meter: Operating principle and applications	
	3.3	Energy and Power Meters: Working of energy and power Meter	
4.0	4.1	Data Acquisition and Digital Instruments Data Acquisition and Converters: Single channel, Multichannel and PC based DAS A/D and D/A Converters: Types and Specifications of A/D and D/A Converters, Significance of X½ Digit Display	10
	4.2	Digital Multi-meter: Block diagram, multi range measurement of voltage, current and resistance, specifications	
5.0		Oscilloscopes	08
	5.1	Cathode Ray Oscilloscope: Block Diagram based Study of CRO, Specifications, Controls, Sweep Modes, Role of Delay Line, Single- and Dual-Beam Dual-Trace CROs, Chop and Alternate Modes	
	5.2	Measurement using Oscilloscope: Measurement of Voltage, Frequency, Rise Time, Fall Time and Phase Difference. Lissajous Figures in Detection of Frequency and Phase	
	5.3	Digital Storage Oscilloscope (DSO): Block diagram based study of DSO, Study of features like Roll, Refresh, Storage Mode and Sampling Rate; Applications of DSO	
6.0		Signal Analyzers	06
	6.1	Wave Analyzers: Introduction to Harmonic, Total Harmonic Distortion Analyzer; Block Diagram and Applications of Wave Analyzers	
	6.2	Spectrum and Network Analyzers: Block Diagram and Applications	
		Total	<mark>52</mark>

Text Books:

- 1. C. S. Rangan, G.R. Sarma, and V.S.V. Mani, *"Instrumentation Devices and Systems"*, Tata McGraw Hill, 9th edition, 2007
- 2. H. S. Kalsi, "Electronics Instrumentation", Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2009

Reference Books:

- 1. H. Oliver and J. M. Cage, "*Electronic Measurement and Instrumentation*", McGraw Hill, 3rd edition, 2008
- 2. W. Cooper and A. Helfric, "Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Techniques", PHI, 4th edition, 2009
- 3. T. S. Rathore, "Digital Measurement Techniques", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, 2003
- 4. J. J. Carr, "Elements of Electronic Instrumentation and Control", Prentice Hall, 3rd edition, 2008

Internal Assessment (IA):

Two tests must be conducted which should cover at least 80% of syllabus. The average marks of both the test will be considered for final Internal Assessment.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.
- 2. The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3: Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4: Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.
- 5: Weightage of marks will be as per Blueprint.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Те	aching Sch	eme	Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory Practical Tutorial				
ETC 406	Object Oriented Programming Methodology	02	02			01		01	

Subject	Subject Name	Examination Scheme							
Code			7	Theory Marks		Term	Practical	Oral	Total
		Inte	Internal assessment End Sem.				And Oral		
		Test	est Test Avg. Of Exam						
		1	2	Test 1 and					
				Test 2					
ETC	Object					25	50	-	75
406	Oriented								
	Programming								
	Methodology								

Pre-requites: Course in Structured Programming Approach/ Any Programming Language

Course Objectives:

- To understand the concept of Object Oriented Programming
- To help student to understand use of programming language such as JAVA to resolve problems.
- To impart problems understanding, analyzing skills in order to formulate Algorithms.
- To provide knowledge about JAVA fundamentals: data types, variables, keywords and control structures.
- To understand methods, arrays, inheritance, Interface, package and multithreading and concept of Applet.

Course Outcomes:

- Students will be able to code a program using JAVA constructs.
- Given an algorithm a student will be able to formulate a program that correctly implements the algorithm.
- Students will be able to generate different patterns and flows using control structures and use recursion in their programs.
- Students will be able to use thread methods, thread exceptions and thread priority.
- Students will implement method overloading in their code.
- Students will be able to demonstrate reusability with the help of inheritance.
- Students will be able to make more efficient programs.

Module No.	Unit No.	Topic	Hrs.
1		Fundamental concepts of object oriented programming	4
	1.1	Overview of Programming	
	1.2	Introduction to the principles of object-oriented programming :	
		Classes, Objects, Messages, Abstraction, Encapsulation,	
		Inheritance, Polymorphism, exception handling, and object-oriented	
		containers	4
_	1.3	Differences and Similarity between C++ and JAVA	
2		Fundamental of Java Programming	4
	2.1	Features of Java	_
	2.2	JDK Environment & tools	
	2.3	Structure of java program	
	2.4	Keywords , Data types, Variables, Operators, Expressions	
	2.5	Decision Making, Looping, Type Casting	
	2.6	Input output using scanner class	
3		Classes and Objects	6
	3.1	Creating Classes and objects	
	3.2	Memory allocation for objects	
	3.3	Passing parameters to Methods	
	3.4	Returning parameters	
	3.5	Method overloading	
	3.6	Constructor and finalize()	
	3.7	Arrays : Creating an array	
	3.8	Types of Array: One Dimensional arrays, Two Dimensional array, string	
4		Inheritance , Interface and Package	6
	4.1	Types of Inheritance : Single ,Multilevel, Hierarchical	
	4.2	Method Overriding, Super keyword, Final Keyword, Abstract Class	
	4.3	Interface	
	4.4	Packages	
5		Multithreading	4
	5.1	Life cycle of thread	
	5.2	Methods	
	5.3	Priority in multithreading	
6		Applet	2
	6.1	Applet Life cycle	
	6.2	Creating applet	
	6.3	Applet tag	
	-	Total	26

Text Books

- 1. Object-oriented "programming with JAVA", Rajkumar Buyya, Mcgraw Hill
- 2. E Balgurusamy, "Programming with JAVA", Tata McGraw Hill

Reference Book

- 1. Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference JAVA", Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Barry Holmes and Daniel T. Joyce, "Object Oriented Programming with Java", Jones & Bartlett Learning

Subject Code	Subject Name	Teaching Scheme			Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total	
ETL 304	Object Oriented Programming Methodology Laboratory		02			01		01	

Subject	Subject Name	Examination Scheme								
Code		Theory Marks				Term	Practical	Oral	Total	
		Internal assessment			End Sem.	Work	And Oral			
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg. Of Test 1 and Test 2	Exam					
ETL 304	Object Oriented Programming Methodology Laboratory					25	50	-	75	

At least **10** experiments covering entire syllabus should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion. Computation/simulation based experiments are also encouraged. The experiments should be students' centric and attempt should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment graded from time to time. The grades will be converted to marks as per **Credit and Grading** System manual and should be added and averaged. Based on the above scheme grading and term work assessment should be done.

Subject Code	Subject Name	Те	aching Sch	eme	Credits Assigned				
		Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Total	
ETL 303	Circuits and		02			01		01	
	Measurement								
	Laboratory								

Subject	Subject Name	Examination Scheme							
Code		Theory Marks				Term	Practical	Oral	Total
		Internal assessment End Sem.			End Sem.	Work	And Oral		
		Test	Test Test Avg. Of		Exam				
		1	2	Test 1 and					
				Test 2					
ETL	Circuits and					25	-	-	25
303	Measurement								
	Laboratory								

At least **10** experiments (5 from Circuits and Transmission lines and 5 from Electronics Instruments and Measurements) covering entire syllabus should be set to have well predefined inference and conclusion. Computation/simulation based experiments are also encouraged. The experiments should be students' centric and attempt should be made to make experiments more meaningful, interesting and innovative.

Term work assessment must be based on the overall performance of the student with every experiment graded from time to time. The grades converted into marks as per **Credit and Grading** System manual should be added and averaged. Based on this final term work grading and term work assessment should be done.